



## 主要统计指标解释

**成人识字率** 是指 15 岁及以上人口中有一定理解、阅读、使用文字能力的人口占总人口的百分比。

**粗入学率** 是指入学总人数(不考虑年龄)与适龄人数之比。

**研究与发展经费支出** 是经常性和资本性支出(包括超前支出),目的在于增加知识存量的创造性、系统性活动。具体包括基础研究、应用研究和目的在于寻求新型设备、产品

和工艺的科学实验活动。

**研究与发展技术人员** 是指专门从事研究与发展活动,在知识或技术某一支领域接受过职业或技术培训的人员。

**高技术出口产品** 是指技术含量密集的出口产品。它包括的高技术产品有:航空、计算机、医药、科学仪器和电气设备等。

## Explanatory Notes on Main Statistical Indicators

**Adult Literacy Rate** is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple statement on their everyday life.

**Gross Enrollment Ratio** is the ratio of total enrollment, regardless of age, to the population of the age group.

**Expenditures for Research and Development** are current and capital expenditures (including overhead) on creative, systematic activity intended to increase the stock of knowledge. Included are fundamental and applied research and

experimental development work leading to new devices, products, or processes.

**Technicians in R&D** are people engaged in professional R&D activity who have received vocational or technical training in any branch of knowledge or technology.

**High-technology Exports** are products with high R&D intensity. They include high-technology products such as in aerospace, computers, pharmaceuticals, scientific instruments, and electrical machinery.